BITSAT

Solved Paper 2011

Instructions

1. There are 150 questions in all. The number of questions in each part is as follows

Subjects	No. of Questions
Part I (Physics)	1-40
Part II (Chemistry)	41–80
Part III	1.35.22
(a) English Proficiency	81-95
(b) Logical Reasoning	96-105
Part IV (Mathematics)	106-150

- 2. All questions are multiple choice questions with four options, only one being correct.
- 3. Each correct answer fetches 3 marks while incorrect answer fetches -1 mark.

Part I

Physics

 Suppose the gravitational force varies inversely as the nth power of distance. Then the time period of a planet in circular orbit of radius R around the sun will be proportional

(a) $R^{(n+1)/2}$

(b) $R^{(n-1)/2}$

(c) R"

(d) $R^{(n-2)/2}$

2. Two wires are made of the same material and have the same volume. However wire 1 has cross-sectional area A and wire 2 has cross-sectional area 3A. If length of wire 1 increased by Δx on applying force F, how much force is needed to stretch wire 2 by the same amount?

(a) 4F

(b) 6F

(c) 9F

(d) F

 The satellite of mass m revolving in a circular orbit of radius r around the earth has kinetic energy E. Then its angular momentum will be (a) $\sqrt{\frac{E}{mr^2}}$

(b) $\frac{E}{2mr^2}$

(c) $\sqrt{2Emr^2}$

(d) √2Emr

4. A galvanometer of resistance 100Ω gives full scale deflection with 0.01 A current. How much resistance should be connected in parallel to convert it into an ammeter of range 10 A?

(a) 0.100 Ω

(b) 1.00 Ω

(c) 10.00 Ω

(d) 100.00 Ω

5. A car is moving on a circular road of diameter 50 m with a speed of 5 m/s. It is suddenly accelerated at a rate of 1 m/s². If the mass of the car is 500 kg, then the net force acting on the car is

(a) 5 N

(b) 1000 N

(c) $500\sqrt{2} \text{ N}$

(d) $\frac{500}{\sqrt{2}}$ N

- 6. Hard X-rays for the study of fractures in bones should have a minimum wavelength of 10-11 m. The accelerating voltage for electrons in X-ray machine should be
 - (a) $< 124 \, kV$
 - (b) $> 124 \, kV$
 - (c) between 60 kV and 70 kV
 - $(d) = 100 \, kV$
- 7. Natural length of a spring is 60 cm and its spring constant is 4000 N/m. A mass of 20 kg is hung from it. The extension produced in the spring is (Take $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$)
 - (a) 4.9 cm
- (b) 0.49 cm
- (c) 9.4 cm
- (d) 0.94 cm
- 8. A point source of light is placed 4 m below the surface of water of refractive index $\frac{5}{3}$.

The minimum diameter of a disc, which should be placed over the source, on the surface of water to cut-off all right coming out of water is

- (a) infinite
- (b) 6 m
- (c) 4 m
- (d) 3 m
- 9. What is the maximum acceleration of the particle doing the SHM?

$$y = 2\sin\left[\frac{\pi t}{2} + \phi\right]$$
, where 2 is in cm

- (a) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ cm/s² (b) $\frac{\pi^2}{2}$ cm/s²

- (a) 10 days
- (b) 20 days
- (c) 40 days
- (d) None of these
- 13. The velocity of efflux of a liquid through an orific in the bottom of the tank does not depend upon
 - (a) size of orific
 - (b) height of liquid
 - (c) acceleration due to gravity
 - (d) density of liquid
- A neutron with velocity v strikes a stationary deuterium atom, its KE changes by a factor
 - (a) $\frac{15}{16}$
- (c) $\frac{2}{1}$
- (d) None of these
- 15. The Poisson's ratio of a material is 0.5. If a force is applied to a wire of this material, there is a decrease in the cross-sectional area by 4%. The percentage increase in the length is
 - (a) 1%
- (b) 2%
- (c) 2.5%
- (d) 4%
- 16. Lenz's law of electromagnetic induction corresponds to the
 - (a) law of conservation of charge
 - (b) law of conservation of energy
 - (c) law of conservation of momentum
 - (d) law of conservation of angular

- 19. The force constant of a spring gun is 50 N/m. If a ball of 20 g be shoot by the gun so, that its spring is compressed by 10 cm, the velocity of the ball is
 - (a) 5 m/s
- (b) 15 m/s
- (c) 25 m/s
- (d) 20 m/s
- 20. 1 g of water (volume 1 cm3) becomes 1671 cm3 of steam when boiled at a pressure of 1 atm. The latent heat of vapourisation is 540 cal/g, then the external work done is

 $(1 \text{ atm} = 1.013 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2)$

- (a) 499.7 J
- (b) 40.3 J
- (c) 169.2 J
- (d) 128.57 J
- 21. A cube has a side of length 1.2×10^{-2} m. Calculate its volume.
 - (a) $1.7 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3$
- (b) $1.73 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3$
- (c) $1.70 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3$
- (d) $1.732 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3$
- 22. A ball is dropped from height h and another from 2h. The ratio of time taken by the two balls to reach the ground is
 - (a) 1:√2
- (b) $\sqrt{2}:1$
- (c) 2:1
- (d) 1:2
- 23. The linear momentum p of a body moving in one dimension varies with time t according to the equation $p = a + bt^2$, where a and b are positive constant. The net force acting on the body is
 - (a) a constant
 - (b) proportional to t2
 - (c) inversely proportional to t
 - (d) proportional to t
- 24. Which of the following is not an example of perfectly inelastic collision?
 - (a) A bullet fired into a block, if bullet gets embedded into block
 - (b) Capture of an electron by an atom
 - (c) A man jumping onto a moving boat
 - (d) A ball bearing striking another ball bearing
- 25. If a new planet is discovered rotating around sun with the orbital radius double that of the earth, then what will be its time period? (in earth's days)
 - (a) 1032
- (b) 1023
- (c) 1024
- (d) 1043

- 26. If density of earth increases 4 times and its radius becomes half of what it is, our weight
 - (a) be 4 times its present value
 - (b) be doubled
 - (c) remain same
 - (d) be halved
- 27. The magnitude of electric field intensity E, such that an electron placed in it would experience an electrical force equal to its weight, is given by
 - (a) mge
- (c) $\frac{e}{mg}$
- (b) $\frac{mg}{e}$ (d) $\frac{e^2}{m^2}g$
- 28. The work done in placing a charge of 8 × 10⁻¹⁸ C on a capacitor of capacity 100 μF

 - (a) $32 \times 10^{-32} \text{ J}$ (b) $16 \times 10^{-32} \text{ J}$
 - (c) 3.1×10^{-26} J (d) 4×10^{-10} J
- 29. A steady current flow in a metallic conductor non-uniform cross-section. quantity/quantities remaining constant along the whole length of the conductor is/are
 - (a) current, electric field and drift speed
 - (b) drift speed only
 - (c) current and drift speed
 - (d) current only
- 30. A galvanometer of 50Ω resistance has 25 divisions. A current of 4 × 10⁻⁴. A gives a deflection of one division. To convert this galvanometer into a voltmeter having a range of 25 V, it should be connected with a resistance of
 - (a) 2500Ω as a shunt
 - (b) 2950Ω as in shunt
 - (c) 2550Ω in series
 - (d) 2450Ω in series
- 31. The cyclotron frequency of an electron gyrating in a magnetic field of 1 T is approximately
 - (a) 28 MHz
 - (b) 280 MHz
 - (c) 2.8 GHz
 - (d) 28 GHz

32. If M is magnetic moment and B is the 37. A film projector magnifies a 100 cm2 film magnetic field, then the torque is given by strip on a screen. If the linear magnification (a) M · B is 4, the area of the magnified film on the screen is (c) M × B (d) | M | B | (a) 1600 cm² (b) 400 cm² 33. A coil of inductance L is carrying a steady (c) 800 cm² (d) 6400 cm² current I what is the nature of its stored **38.** If v_m is the speed of sound in moist air and v_d energy? is the speed of sound in dry air under (a) Magnetic identical conditions of pressure and (b) Electrical temperature, then (c) Both magnetic and electrical (a) $v_m > v_d$ (b) $v_m < v_d$ (d) Heat (c) $v_m = v_d$ (d) $v_m \cdot v_d = 1$ 34. Energy conversion in a photoelectric cell 39. A hot and a cold body are kept in vacuum takes place from separated from each other. Which of the (a) chemical to electrical following cause decrease in temperature of (b) magnetic to electrical the hot body? (c) optical to electrical (a) Radiation (d) mechanical to electrical (b) Convection 35. If the ionisation potential of helium atom is (c) Conduction 24.6 V, the energy required to ionise it will be (d) Temperature remains unchanged (a) 24.6 eV 40. An ideal refrigerator has a freezer at a (b) 24.6 V (c) 13.6 V temperature of -13°C. The coefficient of (d) 13.6 V performance of the engine is 5. The 36. Fast neutrons can easily be solved down by temperature of the air (to which heat is (a) the use of lead shielding rejected) will be (b) passing them through water (a) 325°C (b) 325 K (c) elastic collision with heavy nuclei (c) 39°C (d) 320°C (d) applying a strong electric field Part II Chemistry 41. The mutual heat of neutralisation of 40 g 44. Toluene on reaction with N-bromo-NaOH and 60 g CH3COOH will be succinimide gives (a) 57.1 kJ (a) p-bromomethylbenzene (b) less than 57.1 kJ (b) o-bromomethylbenzene (c) more than 57.1 kJ (c) phenyl bromomethane (d) m-bromomethylbenzene (d) 13.7 kJ 45. Pinacolone is 42. Which has the smallest size? (a) 2, 3-dimethyl-2, 3-butanediol (a) Al3+ (b) Mg2+ (b) 3, 3-dimethyl-2-butanone (c) P5+ (c) 1-phenyl-2-propanone (d) Na+ (d) 1, 1-diphenyl-1, 2-ethandiol 43. The treatment of benzene with iso-butene in 46. A synthetic rubber which is resistant to the

action of oils, gasoline and other solvents is

(b) polyisoprene

(d) polystyrene

(a) buna-S

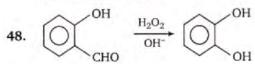
(c) neoprene

the presence of sulphuric acid gives

(c) n-butylbenzene (d) no reaction

(a) iso-butylbenzene (b) tert-butylbenzene

- 47. Ozone depletion over Antarctica is due to the
 - (a) formation of chlorine nitrate (ClONO2)
 - (b) formation of HCl
 - (c) formation of HOCl and Cl₂ which are converted back into reactive Cl atoms
 - (d) None of the above



This reaction is called

- (a) Reimer-Tiemann reaction
- (b) Liebermann's nitroso reaction
- (c) Dakin reaction
- (d) Leader-Manase reaction
- 49. Which anion is the weakest base?
 - (a) C2H5O
- (b) NO₃
- (c) F
- (d) CH₃COO
- 50. K_b for water is 0.52 K/m. Then 0.1 m solution of NaCl will boil approximately at
 - (a) 100.52°C
- (b) 100.052°C
- (c) 101.04°C
- (d) 100.104°C
- 51. One mole of P2O5 undergoes hydrolysis as

$$P_2O_5 + H_2O \longrightarrow H_3PO_4$$

The normality of the phosphoric acid formed is (The volume of solution is 1 L.)

- (a) 2
- (b) 12
- (c) 24
- (d) 4
- 52. 1 L of a gas is at a pressure of 10⁻⁶ mm of Hg at 25°C. How many molecules are present in the vessel?
 - (a) 3.2×10^6
- (b) 3.2×10^{13}
- (c) 3.2×10^{10}
- (d) 3×10^4
- 53. Which of the following has the largest de-Broglie wavelength, given that all have equal velocity?
 - (a) CO2 molecule
- (b) NH3 molecule
- (c) Electron
- (d) Proton
- 54. 1 g of U-235 is converted into UF₆. The radioactivity of UF₆ thus obtained is
 - (a) zero
 - (b) less than that of 1 g of U-235
 - (c) more than that of 1 g of U-235
 - (d) same as that of 1 g of U-235

- 55. In which of the following molecules S atom does not assume sp³ hybridisation?
 - (a) SO₄²-
- (b) SF₄
- (c) SF₂
- (d) S₈
- 56. For the reaction,

$$N_2(g) + 3H_2(g) \Longrightarrow 2NH_3(g)$$

the units of K are

- (a) L mol-1
- (b) L2 mol-2
- (c) mol L-1
- (d) No units
- A sulphuric acid solution has pH = 3. Its normality is
 - (a) 1/1000
- (b) 1/200
- (c) 1/2000
- (d) 1/100
- The oxidation number of N and Cl in NOClO₄ respectively are
 - (a) + 2 and + 7
- (b) + 3 and + 7
- (c) -3 and +5
- (d) + 2 and -7
- 59. Pyrolusite is a/an
 - (a) oxide ore
- (b) sulphide ore
- (c) carbide ore
- (d) Not an ore
- When potassium ferrocyanide crystals are heated with conc. H₂SO₄, the gas evolved is
 - (a) SO_2
- (b) NH₃
- (c) CO₂
- (d) CO
- 61. The product/s of the reaction,

$$Na_2CO_3 + CO_2 + H_2O \longrightarrow is/are$$

- (a) $2NaOH + CO_2$
- (b) $Na_2CO_3 + H_2CO_3$
- (c) 2NaHCO₃
- (d) None of these
- 62. Which among the following is likely to show geometrical isomerism?
 - (a) CH3CH=NOH
 - (b) $CH_3CH = CH_2$
 - (c) $CH_2 = CH CH = CCl_2$
 - (d) $CH_3C(Cl) = C(CH_3)_2$
- 63. A fuel has the same knocking property as a mixture of 70% iso-octane (2, 2, 4-trimethylpentane) and 30% n-heptane by volume. The octane number of the fuel is
 - (a) 100
- (b) 70
- (c) 50
- (d) 40
- Sodium carbonate reacts with SO₂ in aqueous medium to give
 - (a) NaHSO₃
- (b) Na₂S₂O₃
- (c) NaHSO₄
- (d) Na₂SO₄

65.	For a given reaction of this reaction is	n $t_{1/2} = 1/ka$. The order		(a) $E - E_1 > E_2 - E$ (b) $E - E_1 < E_2 - E$	
	(a) 0	(b) 1		(c) $E - E_1 = E_2 - E$	
	(c) 2	(d) 3		(d) Any one of the above is possible	
66.	with two moles of C (a) C ₂ H ₅ COOH	7 - 7		The equilibrium constant (K) for the reaction $Cu(s) + 2 Ag^+(aq) \rightarrow Cu^{2+}(aq) + 2 Ag(s)$ will be [Given, $E^{\circ}_{cell} = 0.46 V$]	
	The number of poly a molecule of haeme (a) four (c) two The pentose sugar is (a) open chain structure.	peptide chains present in oglobin is (b) one (d) three n DNA and RNA has the cture	76.	(a) $K_c = \text{Antilog } 15.6$ (b) $K_c = \text{Antilog } 2.5$ (c) $K_c = \text{Antilog } 1.5$ (d) $K_c = \text{Antilog } 12.2$ E° for Fe/Fe ²⁺ is +0.44 V and E° for Cu/Cu ²⁺ is -0.32 V. Then, in the cell (a) Cu oxidises Fe ²⁺ ion (b) Cu ²⁺ oxidises iron (c) Cu reduces Fe ²⁺ ion	
	(b) pyranose structu(c) furanose structu(d) All of the above	ire	77.	 (d) Cu²⁺ ion reduces Fe 77. Which of the following carbon atoms is most 	
69.	Which of the follow colour? (a) Saffron	ring is an artificial edible (b) Carotene		electronegative? III II I CH_3 — CH_2 — C = CH	
	(c) Tetrazine	(d) Melamine		(a) I (b) II	
70.	The number of unp	paired electrons in nickel		(c) III (d) All are equally electronegative	
	(a) zero (c) four	(b) one (d) five		The reaction/method that does not give an alkane is	
71.	The time taken for 90% of a first order reaction to complete is approximately (a) 1.1 times that of half-life (b) 2.2 times that of half-life (c) 3.3 times that of half-life (d) 4.4 times that of half-life		 (a) catalytic hydrogenation of alkenes (b) hydrolysis of alkylmagnesium bromide (c) Kolbe's electrolytic method (d) dehydrohalogenation of an alkyl halide 79. Which of the following will yield a mixtur of 2-chlorobutene and 3-chlorobutene or 		
72.		HCN solution for which (b) 1.2 (d) 4.0		treatment with HCl? (a) $CH_2 = C = CH - CH_3$ (b) $H_2C = C - CH = CH_2$	
73.	Which of the follow coordinate bond?	ing does not contain any		CH ₃	
	(a) H ₃ O ⁺	(b) BF ₄		(c) $CH_2 = CH - CH = CH_2$ (d) $HC = C - CH = CH_2$	
	(c) HF ₂	(d) NH ₄ ⁺	80.		
74.	. If E is the energy of the combining atomic orbitals, E_1 and E_2 are the energies of the bonding and anti-bonding molecular orbitals formed, then			urotropine is formed when formaldehyde reacts with (a) NH_2OH (b) NH_3 (c) $NH_2 \cdot NH_2$ (d) $C_6H_5NH \cdot NH_2$	

96. Which one number is wrong in the given series?

5, 10, 17, 24, 37

- (a) 10
- (b) 17
- (c) 24
- (d) 37
- 97. Find the next two letters in the given series.

EFHKO?

- (a) T, Z
- (b) Z, T
- (c) S, Z
- (d) T, Y
- 98. If MONKEY is coded as NNOJFX, what will be the code for TARGET?
 - (a) ZUSFFS
- (b) SFFSZU
- (c) UZSFSF
- (d) UZSFFS
- 99. Among six friends L, M, N, P, Q and S, each having a different height, N is shorter than Q and P but taller than M. S is shorter than only L. Which of the following represents the tallest among six friends?
 - (a) P
 - (b) Q
 - (c) L
 - (d) Cannot be determined
- 100. Manick is fourteenth from the right end in a row of 40 boys. What is his position from the left end?
 - (a) 24th
- (b) 25th
- (c) 26th
- (d) 27th
- 101. The missing number in the given figure is



38 18



- (a) 13
- (b) 15
- (c) 17
- (d) 19
- 102. Select the combination of numbers so that the letters arranged will form a meaningful word.

HNRCAB 1 23 456

- (a) 2, 5, 3, 4, 1, 6
- (b) 3, 5, 6, 4, 1, 2
- (c) 4, 1, 5, 6, 2, 3
- (d) 6, 3, 5, 2, 4, 1
- 103. Which of the given Venn diagrams out of (a), (b), (c) or (d) correctly represents the relationship among the following classes? Rose, Flower, Lotus









(a)

- (b)
- (c)
- (d)
- 104. A piece of paper is folded and a cut is made as shown below. From the given responses indicate how it will appear when opened?

Question figures



(a)







Answer figures







105. Which answer figure will complete the question figure?

Question figure



Answer figures









Part IV

Mathematics

- 106. The equation of the normal to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ at point (x', y') will be
 - (a) x'y xy' = 0
- (b) xx' yy' = 0
- (c) x'y + xy' = 0
- (d) xx' + yy' = 0
- 107. Equation of the bisector of the acute angle between lines 3x + 4y + 5 = 012x - 5y - 7 = 0 is
 - (a) 21x + 77y + 100 = 0
 - (b) 99x 27y + 30 = 0
 - (c) 99x + 27y + 30 = 0
 - (d) 21x 77y 100 = 0
- 108. If $z = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$, then the value of $z^n + \frac{1}{z^n}$

will be

- (a) $\sin 2n\theta$
- (b) 2 sin nθ
- (c) 2 cos nθ
- (d) $\cos 2n\theta$
- 109. If α and β are the roots of the equation $x^2 - 2x + 4 = 0$, then the value of $\alpha^n + \beta^n$ will
 - (a) $i2^{n+1} \sin(n\pi/3)$ (b) $2^{n+1} \cos(n\pi/3)$
 - (c) $i2^{n-1}\sin(n\pi/3)$ (d) $2^{n-1}\cos(n\pi/3)$
- 110. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, then the

correct statement is

- (a) $A^2 + 5A 71 = 0$
- (b) $-A^2 + 5A + 7I = 0$
- (c) $A^2 5A + 7I = 0$
- (d) $A^2 + 5A + 7I = 0$
- 111. The value of the determinant a-b-cb-c-a2bwill be $2c \quad c-a-b$
 - (a) $(a-b-c)(a^2+b^2+c^2)$
 - (b) $(a+b+c)^3$
 - (c) (a + b + c)(ab + bc + ca)
 - (d) None of the above
- $(1+x)^n = C_0 + C_1x + C_2x^2 + ... + C_nx^n$ then $C_0 - C_1 + C_2 - C_3 + ... + (-1)^n \cdot C_n$ is equal to

- (a) 3^{n}
- (b) 2ⁿ
- (c) 1
- (d) 0
- 113. If AM and HM between two numbers are 27 and 12 respectively, then their GM is
 - (a) 9
- (b) 18
- (c) 24
- (d) 36
- 114. For any two events A and B, if $P(A \cup B) = 5/6,$ $P(A \cap B) = 1/3$ P(B) = 1/2, then P(A) is
 - (a) 1/2
- (b) 2/3
- (c) 1/3
- (d) None of these
- 115. A bag contains 3 white and 5 black balls. One ball is drawn at random. Then, the probability that it is white, is
 - (a)
- (c)
- 116. $\mathbf{a} \cdot (\mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c}) = 0$, then the correct statement is
 - (a) out of a, b, c any two vectors are parallel
 - (b) a, b, c are coplanar
 - (c) any two are equal a, b, c
 - (d) at least one above statement is correct
- 117. If 2i + j k and $i 4j + \lambda k$ are perpendicular to each other, then \(\lambda\) is equal to
 - (a) -3
- (c) -1
- 118. If $\frac{d}{dx}(\phi(x)) = f(x)$, then $\int_{1}^{2} f(x) dx$ is equal to
 - (a) f(1) f(2) (b) $\phi(1) \phi(2)$
- - (c) f(2) f(1)
- (d) $\phi(2) \phi(1)$
- 119. $\int_{0}^{2} |1-x| dx$ is equal to
- (c) $\frac{3}{2}$
- (d) $\frac{1}{2}$
- 120. $\int \frac{\sin 2x}{\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x} dx$ is equal to
 - (a) $2 \tan^{-1}(\tan^2 x) + C$
 - (b) $\tan^{-1}(x \tan^2 x) + C$
 - (c) $\tan^{-1}(\tan^2 x) + C$
 - (d) None of the above

121. The function $\sin x + \cos x$ is maximum when x is equal to		131. $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\cos(\sin x) - 1}{x^2}$ is equal to				
	4.5	(b) $\frac{\pi}{}$				
(a)	6	4	(a) 1 (c) $\frac{1}{2}$	(d) 1		
(c)	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	(b) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ (d) $\frac{\pi}{2}$	$(c)\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{(u)^{2}-\frac{u}{2}}{2}$		
(0)	3	2	132. In order that the fur	action $f(x) = (x+1)^{1/x}$ is		
122. $\frac{d}{dx}(x^x)$ is equal to		continuous at $x = 0$, $f(0)$ must be defined as (a) $f(0) = 0$ (b) $f(0) = e$				
(a)	$x^x \log(e/x)$	(b) $x^x \log ex$				
	log ex		(c) $f(0) = \frac{1}{e}$	(a) $f(0) = 1$		
			133. The function $f(x) =$	x at $x = 0$ is		
123. $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin x}{x}$ is equal to			(a) continuous but non-differentiable			
(a) 2 (b) -1 (c) 1 (d) 0		(b) -1	(b) discontinuous and differentiable			
(c)	1	(d) 0	(c) discontinuous a	nd non-differentiable		
194 The	rat A = [v. v. c]	$R, x^2 = 16 \text{ and } 2x = 6$	(d) continuous and	differentiable		
equa		x, x = 10 and $2x = 0$	134. The point (0, 5) is c	loser to the curve $x^2 = 2y$		
(a)		(b) {14, 3, 4}	at			
		(d) {4}	(a) $(2\sqrt{2}, 0)$	(b) (0, 0)		
		s can 5 prizes be		(d) None of these		
		ir students when every	135. The function $f(x) =$			
	lent can take one		(a) increasing in $(1, \infty)$			
	1024					
(c)	120	(d) 600	 (b) decreasing in (1, ∞) (c) increasing in (1, e), decreasing in (e, ∞) 			
	value of $(\sqrt{5} + 1)^5$		(d) decreasing in $(1, e)$, decreasing in (e, ∞)			
		(b) 352	136. The area bounded by the x-axis and the curve $y = \sin x$ and $x = 0$, $x = \pi$ is			
	452					
(0)		300 507	EVER 25 % - TANKE 121.4	at the second		
127. The	value of		(a) 1 sq unit			
		2 log (81) is aqual to	(c) 0			
/ 108	$\left(\frac{15}{15}\right)^{+3\log}\left(\frac{24}{24}\right)$	$+ 3 \log \left(\frac{81}{80}\right)$ is equal to	137. The order and degree of the differential			
(a) log 2 (b) 3			equation $\sqrt{\frac{dy}{dx}} - 4\frac{dy}{dx} - 7x = 0$ are			
(c)		(d) 7	\sqrt{dx}	dx		
		$\frac{4}{4} + \frac{2+4+6}{4} + \dots \infty$ is	(a) 1 and $\frac{1}{2}$	(b) 2 and 1		
(a)		(b) 2e	(c) 1 and 1	(d) 1 and 2		
(c)		(d) None of these	138. The line $x + y = 4$	divides the line joining the		
129. The		of the series	points $(-1, 1)$ and $(5, 7)$ in the ratio			
	$2 - \log_8 2 + \log_{16}$		(a) 2:1	(b) 1:2		
(a)		(b) log _e 2	(c) 1:2 externally	(d) None of these		
(c)	$\log_e 3 - 2$	(d) $1 - \log_e 2$	139. The angle between the pair of lines given by equation $x^2 + 2xy - y^2 = 0$, is			
		of the function				
		$(-\infty, \infty)$, then the range	(a) $\frac{\pi}{3}$	(b) $\frac{\pi}{6}$		
	unction is					
(a)		(b) [−2, ∞)	(c) $\frac{\pi}{2}$	(d) 0		
	(-2, 3)	(d) $(-\infty, -2)$	2			

- 140. The length of tangent from point (5, 1) to the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 6x - 4y - 3 = 0$ is
 - (a) 81
- (b) 29
- (c) 7
- (d) 21
- 141. The length of the latusrectum of the parabola $169\{(x-1)^2 + (y-3)^2\} = (5x-12y+17)^2$
 - (a) $\frac{14}{13}$
- (b) $\frac{12}{12}$
- (d) None of these
- 142. The angle of intersection between the curves $x^2 = 8y$ and $y^2 = 8x$ at (0, 0) is

- 143. If the centre, one of the foci and semi-major axis of an ellipse be (0, 0), (0, 3) and 5, then its equation is

 - (a) $\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$ (b) $\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$

 - (c) $\frac{x^2}{0} + \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$ (d) None of these
- 144. The radius of the director circle of the hyperbola $\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ is
 - (a) a-b
- (b) $\sqrt{a-b}$
- (c) $\sqrt{a^2 b^2}$
- (d) $\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$
- 145. If projection of any line on coordinate axes 3, 4 and 5, then its length is
 - (a) 12
- (b) 50
- (c) 5√2
- (d) 3√2

- **146.** If $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{2}$ and $\tan \phi = \frac{1}{3}$, then the value of
 - $\theta + \phi$ is
 - (a) $\frac{\pi}{6}$
- (b) π
- (d) $\frac{\pi}{}$
- **147.** If $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}$, $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$, $\forall n \in I$, then most general values of θ is
 - (a) $2n\pi + \frac{\pi}{6}$, $\forall n \in I$ (b) $2n\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$, $\forall n \in I$
 - (c) $2n\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$, $\forall n \in I$ (d) $2n\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$, $\forall n \in I$
- 148. The principal value of $\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$ is
 - (a) $-\frac{2\pi}{2}$

- 149. A ladder rests against a wall so that its top touches the roof of the house. If the ladder makes an angle of 60° with the horizontal and height of the house be 6\sqrt{3} m, then the length of the ladder is
 - (a) $12\sqrt{3}$ m
- (b) 12 m
- (c) $\frac{12}{\sqrt{2}}$ m
- (d) None of these
- **150.** If angles A, B and C are in AP, then $\frac{a+c}{b}$ is equal to

 - (a) $2\sin\left(\frac{A-C}{2}\right)$ (b) $2\cos\left(\frac{A-C}{2}\right)$

 - (c) $\cos\left(\frac{A-C}{2}\right)$ (d) $\sin\left(\frac{A-C}{2}\right)$